in the pictures of our parents and their friends in their camping clothes. There was one album, not of the Canadian Rockies, that fascinated me in particular. It contained a whole series of pictures of the Winnetka house during its construction from the first breaking of ground to the final planting of trees. It was in this house that I was born a year after its completion so in a sense it marked the beginning of my life.

My first recoblections%#ff/M###fif/M#in# of with Meruni using the Brownie were, however, in Maine. Before that I may have taken some pictures of birds' nests in the shrubbery beside our driveway in Winnetka, but the nests never showed up My very well. 7M# first pictures around the Island were immitations of pictures father took, always unsatisfactory landscapes or of coasting schooners we past on the first cruses in the Hippocampus. It wasn't long, however, until I began to phytograph the nests and young birds we saw on the bird islands we visited. Young gulls and gull's eggs were big enough to show up at 6 feet in a Brownie picture. Captain Green would take the exposed rolls to the drug store in the town of Deer Isle when he took the laundry over and would bring back the processed pictures the next week. So each week $\sharp h \notin \sharp \notin I$ experienced a good deal of excitement in anticipation of the results , and I remember my disappointment when the pictures were light struck or blurred or did not show what I expected.

The fut the tryinghin succes came when the been the summer we were tutored, we visited a colony

of Great Blue Herons on Bradbury Island. The young birds were well grown and as we struggeled through the litter of fallen trees are grown in the midlle of the down and raspberry bushed where they nosted a young bird near the obstatime of fledging took alarm and flew from its nest above our heads to crash in a raspberry thicket. It stood there half buried in the bushes with its long neck stretched out and crest feathers raised, glaring at us in fright. I took a picture of it with the help of the tutor which turned out to be preof those accidents of photography in which every variable worked in favor of the photographer. The picture was quite sharp showing the fierce eye and raised feathers of the angry bird. Father was very pleased with this result and had an enlargement made.

After that I tried photographing the fish hawks on North Point and the Double Beaches from a small tent-like blind I had devised and mother had sewed up for me out of green cloth. The blind worked all right but the results were very disappointing. Only those pictures in which the hawk was standing quietly on its nest were sharp; all the others of the birds in flight or alighting were completely blurred. The tenth second shutter of the Brownie was entirely inadequate for this

kind of work.

For the next Christmas I was given a Kødøk 31×41 Kodak with the newest high speed shutter having a top speed rating of 1/300 th second. Equipped with this insrument I following returned to the ospreys the *fløøviln* summer, but I was not alone this time. My best friend Fairbank Carpenter went to the Island with me. Together we squeezed into the tiny blind, patiently waiting for hours to photograph the hawks. We took many pictures, and many were excitingly good. With one I won a \$25 Eastman Kodak Company nature photography prize which was reproduced in posters and distributed to the drug stores and photo supply shops all along the coast. But to my disgust the Eastman advertizing department called it a picture of an eagle in spite of my protests.

The next step up in equipment was the acquisition after several more vears Pof a Graflexxthat I bought myself with savings from my allowance. Fairbank also had one and together we visited gull islands where we spent the days in our cramped quarters, taking with us only a meager lunch and a thermos of water. The gull pictures have them not survived but I day remember/for their dullness. Thete/wete few/flight/dittotes/ Few wete of birds in flight, they mostly showed gulls standing on rocks at a considerable distance like milk bottles left on the kitchen steps/ porch. When it came to however seemed terns/we did better for they seen to be tamer and when they alighted momentarily on their nests they paused momentatily opptoteditally with their wings extended.in graceful photogenic poses.

satisfied with commercial processing and wanted to do exet/thing processing myself. During the winter at home in Winnetka or away at school

all the

neither time nor facilities for this kind of activity were available, but on the Island the/#dssibility/df/if/i/cduid I had the time if I could find a place for a dark room. The small basement room, where the hot water heater was located under the feasable east end of the house, was the only/place I could find. Water was available thete and with a minimum of labor it could be made light proof. Father gave me permission to install a small sink there and so Kere I set up a laboratory / I had had no previous OVETpurchased experience with film processing and \$\$/1 ambitiously \$499499 Myself/With/& variety of developers thinking that I could my own work out for/n/self/the/best formula, but not surprisingly it didn't turn out to be as easy as I had expected and many rolls of film were underdeveloped. Finally I settled on a standard prepared formalia developer. I never did much printing in this dark room because the profligate use of water that photography requires was not permitted, but for two years I did develop roll film in a tray by inspection. As my interest in bird photography waned during my college and medical school days the dark room was allowed to fall into disrepair. It was not until years later when I had a bouse of my own that I built another small dark room which I still use for loading film. in 1929

After I graduated from medical school, while I was still ambitious to become a bacteriologist under the inspiration one of my classof Dr. Hans Zinsser I became a close friend of young/dudtatot/in/ mates of/dud/diato working in the same field who did photography as an avocation. Influenced by him I bought a Leica and began again to do photography in my spare time. What interested me then were not birds but a more abstract approach to subjects

as illustrated in the photographic annuals of those years. I photographed leaf patterns, details of bridges, splashing water, and close-ups of many everyday objects. As time went on I accumulated a modest collection of prints, and one day was invited to show them at a friends house near Boston where a visiting photographer from the west was/to/show/his/dittortes/tod/ also by the invitation would show his pictures. At first flattered, the occasion became for/a very embarrassing one, but, more important than that, it was a revelation that had a profound influence on my/work subsequent work. The western photographer was Ansel Adams and the photographs he exhibited one by one on an easle took my breath away by their Never had I seen any photographs like them. perfection and strength. / I wanted nothing so much at that moment as to forget my poor collection and keep them out of sight for I knew they would be the anti-climax they were when all insisted I unwrap them. Ansel Adams was very kind, sensing I am sure my several embarrassment, looked at them all and made/helpful suggestions and advised using

suth/as/to/use a larger camera.

I did not immediately take his advice but tried to

revise my technique of print making to obtain the Adams quality.

The A#X summer I photographed a great deal. In the fall my I continued to photograph a great deal during the summers, and one fall several years later my brother Fairfield, who was studying painting in New York,

> introduced me to Alfred Stieglitz, whom I visited later at his gallery An American Place. He looked at my latest photographs and told me they were all woolky but that their fault was not a matter of sharpness. II didn't understand what he meant unless it was a matter of sharpness and decided then to get a larger went trave him with the lest camera. Periodically after that I showed my latest photographs went J Mul done mice that seeing him the lost What. to Stellylitz.until at last on a memorable occasion He was always

> encouraging but non/committal, cautioning me that photography was

6

An American Place Jan. 21/39

My dear Eliot Porter:

I have your letter. I have been wanting to write to you but have been swamped with people & "things". And I am far from being physically equal to the demands I make upon myself -I think I know how you feel about me. <u>Men</u> really don't have to thank each other. - Still I must thank you for having given me the opportunity to live with your spirit in the form of those photographs that for 3 weeks were on our walls. - And "our" includes yours. - Some of your photographs are the first I have ever seen which made me feel "there is my own spirit" - quite an unbelievable experience for one like myself - . . . Once more my deepest thanks to you & Mrs. Porter. Also the same from O'Keeffe

Your old

Alfred Stieglitz

And a week later he wrote:

Jan 27/39

My dear Porter: Thanks for your grand letter.-It is most welcome - Your photographs told me all you are. Your letter is but a corroboration of those photographs. Crowninshield was in & I showed them to him. He had asked me what it was in the young generation that was so cold - so unfeeling. I showed him your prints as myy of reply. "He has your kind of feeling" he said as he saw the first. - He looked at all & said: very, very beautiful . . . I understand fully how you feel about your work & how you must follow your inner voice - I may have said something or other to your mother which she did, or could, not fully understand - . .

My warmest greetings to you and your lady -

Your old

Stieglitz

Pallager their Reter, More Last le

Obviously this exhibit in January 1939 marked a changing point in my life, and it was at this time that I made up my mind to give up research in medical sciences, in which I had not been very successful, for photography.

Having made this decision, there were no compelling reasons for living in Cambridge or Boston, and so my wife and I decided to strike out into a new territory and chose the SødtKwest Santa Fe in the Southwest for the next winter. In the meantime I had again become interested in birds. With a portfolio of black and white photogra phs I went to Houghton, Mifflin to/indvite/about/the/possibility/of/a see if they would be In spite of interested in publishing a book of bird photographs. It/Was/ courteously my naivete a/hai/d/idea/but I was cuficusily received by the editor in chief who advised me that to/Kaye/ary/cKarde/of/beird/a/success should photographic a/bird book of/dhotodtaths/wowld/Have/to be in color. This seened/like/a/terrific/undertaking I accepted the challenge though it seemed like a terrific undertaking with uncountable since years of work ahead. However, /Kodachrome had recently been introduced on the market it was not an impossible task. From Eastman Kodak Company I got some helpful suggestion about flash photogrphy with color film, and after the winter in Santa Fe I applied for Guggenheim Fellowship to photograph birds in color which was granted in the spring.of 1941. This was the beginning of many years, that/have not yet come/to/an ended, that each spring I have devoted to bird photography. I have worked in many parts of the country from Arizona to Maine and from Minnesota to Florida.