SOUTHERN DELICACIES



ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA

## LUCY ANN GRAY November 8, 1941

Dear Mrs. Gilpin:

When Mrs. Philip B. Stewart was in Williamsburg, Virginia, she instructed the gift shop at The Lodge, to send you one of my cooked, genuine Smithfield hams. In fact, she also requested that another one be sent to Miss Laura Gilpin. At least she ordered two hams, one for Mrs. Laura Gilpin and the other for Miss Laura Gilpin. As one of the order slips was written, we think, by Mrs. Philip B. Stewart, and the other one in a different hand writing, it is just possible that both of these hams are for you, but, of course, you will know.

I am most happy to say that these two hams are being shipped to you and Miss Gilpin today, by express prepaid, and I sincerely trust that they will arrive promptly and that they will be thoroughly enjoyed.

If it is not desired to use either one, or both, of these hams at once, then I suggest that they be left in their original wrappings - keeping them in a cool place - until you are ready to serve them. These hams will keep for weeks, in fact I have shipped them as far as Honolulu. Do not, however, put them in the refrigerator for any length of time because that will tend to dry them out too much.

While some member of your household may be thoroughly familiar with the correct way of carving a fine Virginia ham, I don't like to take that fact for granted, because these hams should be carved properly to insure their fullest enjoyment. I am, therefore, enclosing a copy of my carving directions which I hope will be found useful.

Cordially yours, Lucy ann Gray

Mrs. Laura Gilpin 317 Cheyenne Road Colorado Springs, Colorddo

T IS highly important that a fine Virginia ham should be carved *properly*, if it is to be enjoyed to the fullest degree. For that reason I urge that the suggestions given on the following pages be carefully observed as this is the method most generally used.

## HOW TO CARVE A FINE VIRGINIA HAM





## DIFECTIONS FOR CARVING

Ist-The ham should be served cold and the carving knife should be very sharp.

Control since should be each should the cooked ham about two to three inches from the hock, or small end, and cut three inches from the hone on the thick side. Then gradually short the knife and cut the meat off at an angle. (See illustration above.)

**3rd**—The slices should always be exceedingly thin—never more than one-eighth of an inch in thickness if possible. In fact, the thinner the slices the better.

44h—These hams are far more delicious if served cold. Furthermore, you cannot successfully cut thin slices from a hot ham. However, thicker alices from cooked hams can be broiled or fried. **5th**—Place the ham in the refrigerator several hours before serving and it will cut more readily. Never use mustard on these hams—it "kills" their

delightful and unique flavor. **6th**—Keep cooked hams in a cool place and well wrapped in waxed paper or a linen towel. This keeps them from drying out too quickly, especially

if the hams are not consumed within a few days.

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**BKEPARED FOR** 

LUCY ANN CRAY (Southern Delicacies, Inc.) ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA